

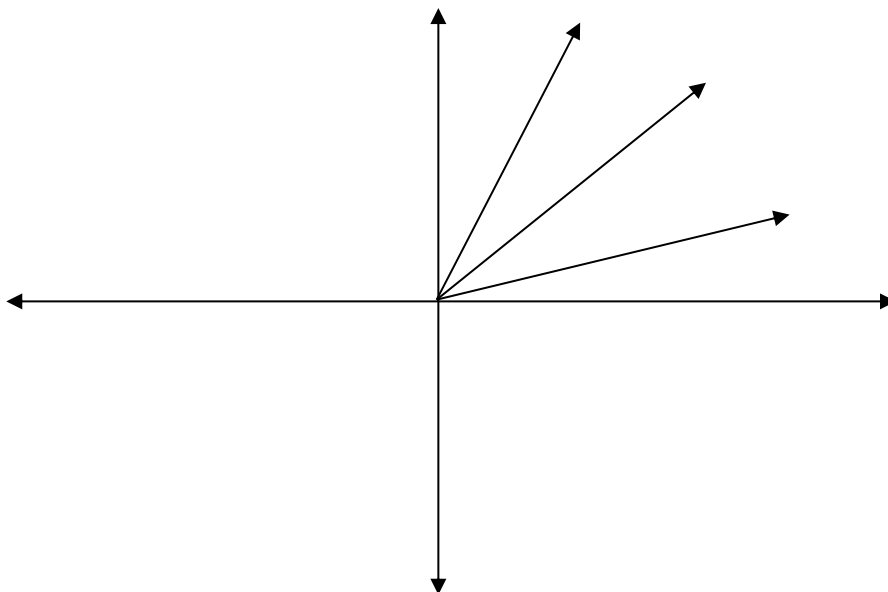
**Trigonometry**

**Unit Circle**

$\sin \theta =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\cos \theta =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\tan \theta =$  \_\_\_\_\_

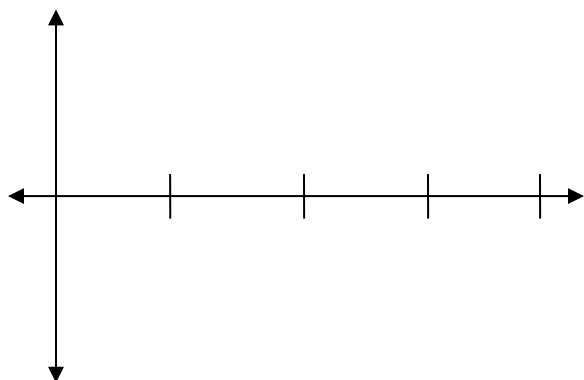


**Radian Angle Measures**

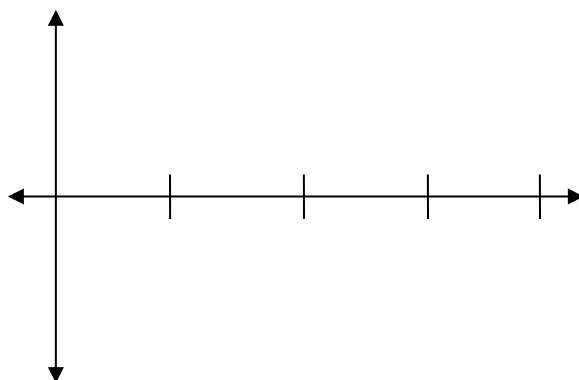
Reference Angle	Quad I	Quad II	Quad III	Quad IV
$30^\circ$	$\frac{\pi}{6}$			
$45^\circ$			$\frac{5\pi}{4}$	
$60^\circ$		$\frac{2\pi}{3}$		

**Sine and Cosine Graphs** (on the interval  $[0, 2\pi)$ )

$y = \sin x$



$y = \cos x$



### Reciprocal Identities

1)  $\sin x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2)  $\cos x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

3)  $\tan x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

4)  $\csc x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

5)  $\sec x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

6)  $\cot x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

### Quotient Identities

1)  $\tan x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2)  $\cot x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

### Pythagorean Identities

1)  $\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2)  $1 + \tan^2 x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

3)  $1 + \cot^2 x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$1 - \cos^2 x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\sec^2 x - 1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\csc^2 x - 1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$1 - \sin^2 x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\sec^2 x - \tan^2 x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\csc^2 x - \cot^2 x =$  \_\_\_\_\_