

**Precalculus Review**

This review is **NON-CALCULATOR**.

**Factoring**

Factor the following expressions completely.

1)  $x^2 - 64$

2)  $x^2 + 2x - 3$

3)  $6x^2 - x - 2$

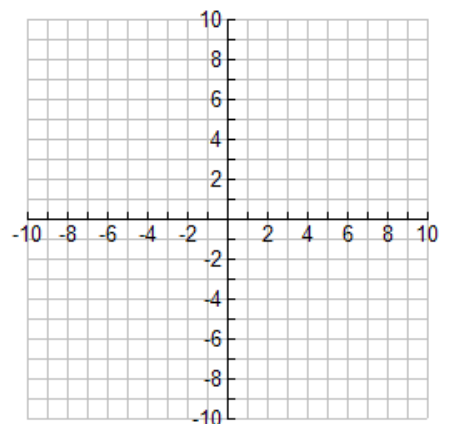
4)  $x^2 - 3x - 88$

5)  $8x^2 + 2x - 15$

6)  $3x^2 + 10x + 8$

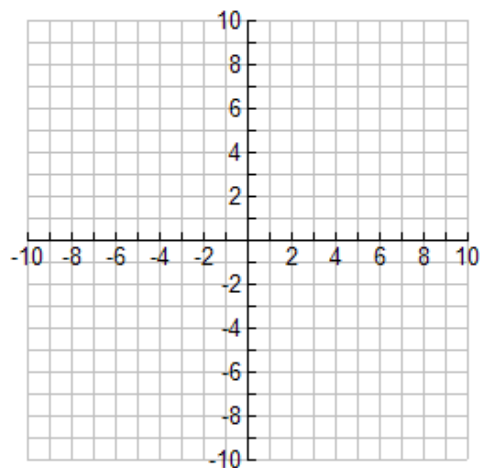
**Linear and Quadratic Functions**

7) Sketch the curves  $y = 9 - x^2$  and  $y = 2x + 1$ , then find their points of intersection algebraically.

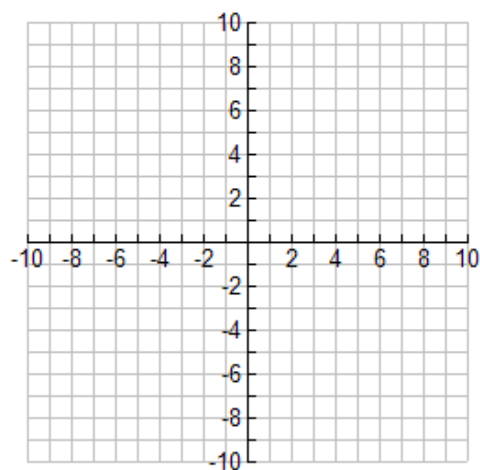


## Piece-Wise Defined Functions

8) Sketch the graph of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x+1 & \text{if } x < -1 \\ 7 & \text{if } x = -1 \\ 9-x^2 & \text{if } x > -1 \end{cases}$



9) Sketch the graph of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x+1 & \text{if } x < 1 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x \geq 1 \end{cases}$



## Add/Subtract Rational Expressions

10)  $\frac{5}{x-2} + \frac{8}{x+4}$

11)  $\frac{1}{x+3} + \frac{3}{x+2}$

12)  $\frac{4x}{x+2} - \frac{2}{x-5}$

### Graphing Rational Equations

Sketch the graph of each equation by finding all vertical and horizontal asymptotes, holes and intercepts of the graph.

13)  $f(x) = \frac{2x - 8}{x + 3}$

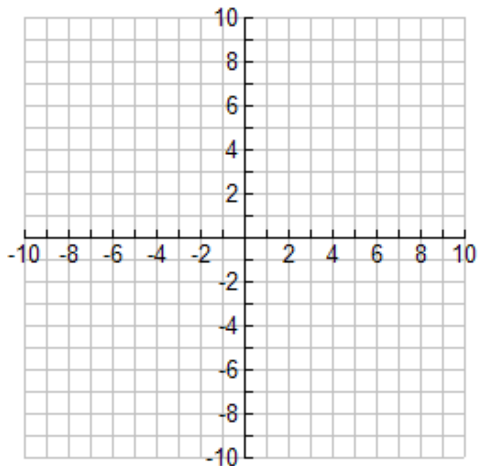
VA \_\_\_\_\_

HA \_\_\_\_\_

holes \_\_\_\_\_

x-intercepts \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercepts \_\_\_\_\_



14)  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 9}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$

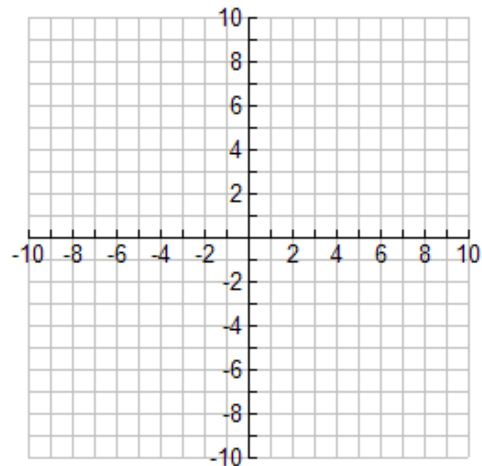
VA \_\_\_\_\_

HA \_\_\_\_\_

holes \_\_\_\_\_

x-intercepts \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercepts \_\_\_\_\_



15)  $f(x) = \frac{x^3 + x^2 - 2x - 2}{x + 1}$

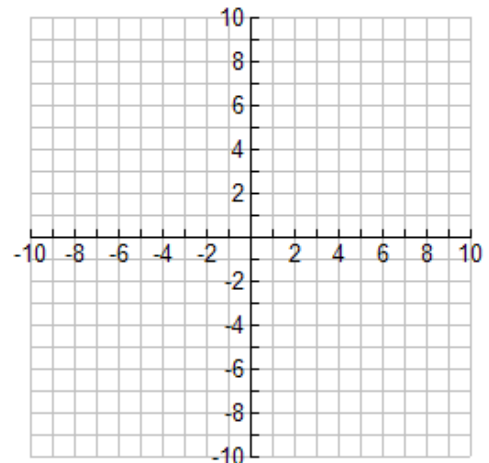
VA \_\_\_\_\_

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holes \_\_\_\_\_

x-intercepts \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercepts \_\_\_\_\_



## Trigonometry

Find the exact value of each expression.

16)  $\sin \frac{\pi}{6}$

17)  $\cos \left( \frac{5\pi}{4} \right)$

18)  $\tan \frac{2\pi}{3}$

19)  $\csc \left( -\frac{5\pi}{6} \right)$

20)  $\sec \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$

21)  $\cot (-\pi)$

Evaluate the following expressions in the interval  $[0, 2\pi)$ .

22)  $\cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)$

23)  $\sin^{-1} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)$

24)  $\sin^{-1}(0)$

25)  $\tan^{-1}(0)$

26)  $\cos^{-1} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)$

27)  $\cos^{-1}(-1)$

Use trigonometric identities to simplify each expression.

28)  $\cos x \tan x$

29)  $\frac{\csc x}{\sec x}$

30)  $\frac{1 - \sin^2 x}{\csc^2 x - 1}$

31)  $\frac{\sin x}{1 - \cos^2 x}$

Find all solutions of the equation in the interval  $[0, 2\pi)$ .

32)  $2 \cos x = 1$

33)  $\sin^2 x + \sin x = 0$

34)  $\tan^2 x = 3$

35)  $2 \cos x = \cos^2 x$

36)  $\sin x = \cos x$